

Central

Misc.1172/41

December 29th, 1941.

Race Course Celebration - Situation  
Central District.

Sir,

No untoward incident occurred in the Central District in connection with the parade and celebration held at the Race Course to commemorate the fall of Hongkong and the emancipation of the Chinese and South Sea people.

Special Police precautions were taken along Nanking Road and The Bund throughout the morning and afternoon.

Several groups of primary school children came into the Settlement from Hongkew and made their way up Nanking Road towards the Race Course.

They were quite orderly and displayed no banners or slogans.

The Post Office band proceeded through the district in a motor truck evidently bound for the Race Course, they did not play their instruments.

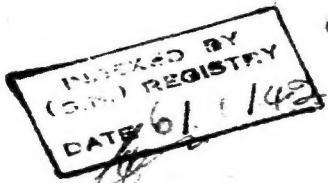
A large white banner eulogizing the emancipation of the South Sea people has been hung across The Bund near the Chartered Bank.

During the morning and the afternoon a truck passed through the district scattering pamphlets. Several pamphlets collected and passed to Special Branch.

*Review*  
D. I.

D.D.O. "A"

Copy to Special Branch (direct)



Special Branch

Misc. 381/41.

\* A \*  
Chengtu Road  
Dec. 29th,

41.

1.

CHIN-AP

A lot of  
and  
S.I.  
30.12.41  
E.H.

On the afternoon of 30-12-41 a mass meeting of various Chinese Union groups and other organizations was held in the grounds of the Shanghai Racecourse. The meeting, which was attended by forty or fifty thousand people, commenced at 1.50 p.m. and was addressed by four speakers, one of whom was Mr. Chen Keng Po, Mayor of Greater Shanghai. Various types of pamphlets, dealing with the emancipation of the people of East Asia, and enjoining all workmen to be loyal to their respective Union and fight for their rights, were distributed during the meeting, samples of the pamphlets forwarded.

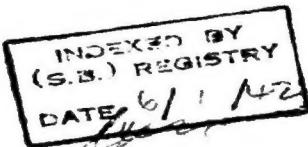
The meeting terminated at about 2.50 p.m. and the various groups left quietly without making any attempt to form a procession.

Ten thousands people  
appears a more correct  
estimation

J. H. Hillhouse  
D. S. I.

J. E. G.  
Sec. Det. 1/c.

D. D. O. "A"



Officer 346. Sp. Br.

66  
F I . E

December 29, 1941.

30.12.41

Activities of Nanking Government organizations re occupation of Hongkong by Japanese

Information to hand shows that under the auspices of Messrs. Chen Kung-po, Mayor of Shanghai, Ting Muh-tsung, member of the Standing Committee of the Social Movement Direction Committee (Nanking), and Chen Chi-zung, Chairman of the Overseas Chinese Committee (Nanking), a "Great East Asia Emancipation Movement Various Circles' People's Representatives Meeting" will be held at the Race Course, Bubbling Well Road, at 1 p.m. to-day. It is expected that some 4,000 to 5,000 persons will attend. No processions are expected in the Settlement.

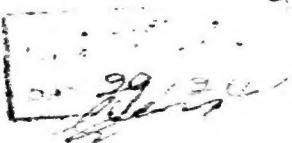
*Source of Police Information Effects P.A.M.D.C. (A) B*  
Propaganda groups of the Shanghai Special Municipal Government will also be dispatched this morning to post in various places in the Foreign Settlements posters bearing the following slogans:-



"Open the South Seas!"  
"Protect East Asia!"  
"Celebrate the occupation of Hongkong by our friendly troops!"  
"Long live the emancipation of the peoples of East Asia!"

It is also reported that these posters have been posted on trams and buses and that handbills will be distributed on the various thoroughfares in the Foreign Settlements by four decorated motor cars of the City Government propaganda groups.

At 10 a.m. December 29, a meeting in celebration of "the occupation of Hongkong by friendly troops" will be held at the Star (明星) Theatre, Tung Chong Road, Pootung, and at the Boone Lai (蓬萊) Theatre, Boone Lei Road, Nantao, by the Pootung and Nantao Branches of the Shanghai Special Municipality Social Movement Direction Committee.



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*D.C. Div's*

*Set Information  
to J. Lee*

P.A to D.C. (p. R.F.)

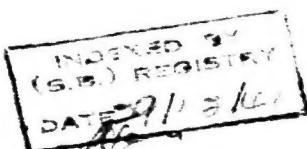
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*See*  
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*30.12.41*

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*D.C. Bureau*

*Information*

*Officers*

*P.A. to D.G. (etc.)*

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*FILE*  
*29.12. H1.*

DATE

29.12.41

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*Copies to  
House.*

D.C. Deo's  
D.C. Brines  
Major Lyall

29. 12. 41

*SL*

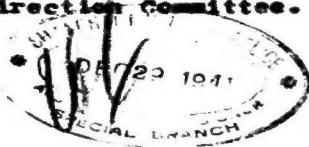
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29. 12. 41

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*Major Gold  
Sgt. I  
Information  
Officer  
P.A.D.C. (Sp. R.)*

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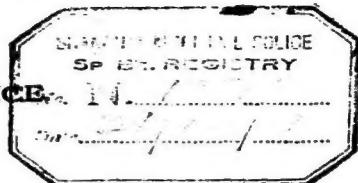
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FM. 2  
G. 650-1-41  
HSM/

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

REPORT



S. 1. Special Branch 1841. File No. Date December 29, 1941.

SUBJECT:

Celebration of the fall of Hongkong  
by local citizens at the Race Course  
on December 29

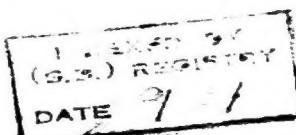
*Baptis loc  
bonne (2)  
D.C. Rio's.  
D.e. Prince.  
Malot Loto.  
29. 12. 41  
S.*

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*Ch*  
FILE  
29. 12. 41.

*M. M. M. S. P. I.*  
A.C. (Special Branch)

*D. S. Lai*  
S.



**URGENT**

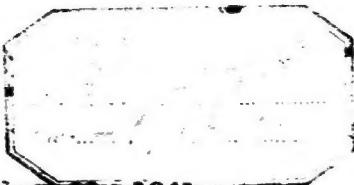
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*Mr. C. Bruce*  
*Sir*  
*Information*  
*E/*  
*P.A. to D.C. (S.P. D.)*

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*6h*  
**FILE**  
*30.12.41*

*D. C. Div's.  
S/ Information.*

*6h*  
P. A to D. C. (Sp. R.)



SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No. ....

special branch. sketch

REPORT

Date December 27, 1941.

Subject (in full) ... March of Japanese military band postponed indefinitely

Made by D.S. Yonezawa

Forwarded by C.D.I. Lees

**URGENT**

D.C. Pio's.  
27. 12. 41  
S. S. D. C. (Sp. Br.)

Captain Narita of the Nobori Detachment states that the march of the Japanese military band on Nanking Road, etc., which was scheduled to take place on December 27, has been postponed indefinitely.

S. Yonezawa  
D. S.

A. C. (Special Branch)

D. C. Divisional

Dr.

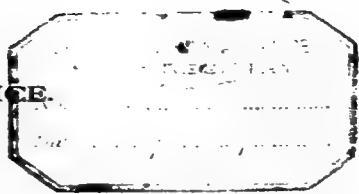
Circulated by T.P. 10<sup>th</sup> am

to D.



SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT



Special Branch

Station. File No.

Date December 19, 1941.

**SUBJECT:** Request from Japanese Army Authorities re functioning by itinerary Chinese comedians in their employ

*Major Goto Jr.  
of the Head  
Comics section  
clown could  
have been issued  
to the Police  
not to interfere  
so it possible  
Please to make  
some arrangements.*

It has been brought to the notice of this office that at about 10 a.m. December 18, a party of Police from Central Station attended a piece of vacant ground on Szechuan Road near Ningpo Road and ordered five Chinese comedians playing there to leave. Force was used by the Police against the men when order was ignored.

These five Chinese comedians are in the employ of the Press Section of the Japanese Expeditionary Forces in Central China and they are in possession of identification certificates issued by Lt-Col. Akiyama, Chief of the Press Bureau of the Japanese Army. These men have been sent out by the Japanese Military Authorities to visit various parts of the Settlement and other neighbouring districts to advocate the cause of peace through the medium of their songs.

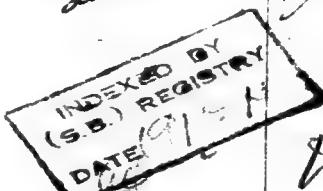
In this connection, Lt-Col. Akiyama requests that the Municipal Police give these comedians facilities whenever they function in the Settlement.

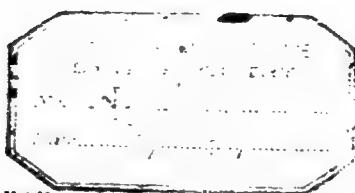
*bs*  
**FILE**

24.12.41.

*Q.D.H.*  
A. C. (Special Branch)

*H. M. Mawer*  
C. D. I.





Misc. 1120/41.

"A"  
Central  
17-12-41.

1.

Installation of a Loudspeaker at Nanking-Honan Roads for the purpose of broadcasting war news by Sin Sun Pao.

*18/12/41*  
A loudspeaker has been installed outside the Hardeon Building on Nanking Road near Honan Road, for the purpose of broadcasting war news by the Sin Sun Pao, a Japanese owned Chinese language daily. The loudspeaker is suspended from the window of the San Tsing (三井) Company on the 2nd floor, of the Hardeon Building.

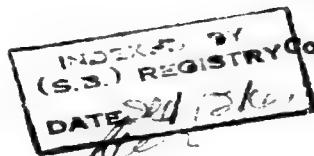
A white cloth banner bearing inscriptions in Chinese "Reporting war news by Sin Sun Pao" is hanging beside the loudspeaker.

Chinese music is broadcasted, with news reports inserted at intervals in different dialect, such as Cantonese, Mandarin and local dialect.

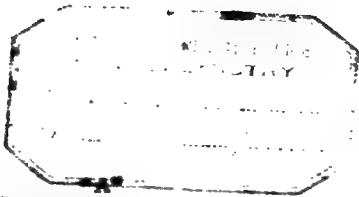
*R.M. 12*  
Sen. Det.

*Wang Chia Jen*  
D. S. I.

D.D.O. "A".



S.I.



Misc. 1119/41.

Central  
Dec. 17th,

41.

1.

Radio Loudspeaker installed at 88 Nanking Road.

Between 2 p.m. and 2.40 p.m. 17-12-41, D.S.I. Wang Chia Tsing listened to the broadcast from loudspeaker installed at 88 Nanking Road.

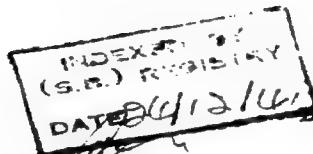
The broadcast is a relay from the Japanese-owned Great Shanghai Broadcasting Station XGOI. It consisted of music in both Chinese and foreign, and was concluded by news on the exchange rates.

On the conclusion of broadcast at 2.40 p.m., the announcer stated that the broadcast will be resumed in the evening, when news items in both Chinese and foreign language would be broadcasted.

On the 1st floor of the building, 88 Nanking Road, is situated the Oider Radio Engineering Co. and possibly this loudspeaker is installed by them to attract attention of the public.

Wang Chia Tsing  
D. S. I.

RM/10  
Sen. Det.



Copy to S. I.

S.I.  
Misc. 1119/41.

"A"  
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D. S. I.

RM 17  
Sen. Det.

D.D.O. "A"

Copy to S. I. ✓

Misc. 872/41

LOUZA

1271

26 12 41  
December 15, 1941.

LOUZA POLICE

Misc. 872/41

PROPAGANDA PAMPHLETS (CHINESE )  
POSTED WITHIN THE LOUZA DISTRICT

Sir,

On the afternoon of 15-12-41, the following Propaganda Pamphlets (Chinese) were found posted on various roads within the Louza District. Translation of which are as follows:-

- (1) "Who swallowed India? Who overthrew Malaya and the Malayan Archipelago? Who robbed Hongkong? Eastern Asia belongs to the Asiatics. We, the Asiatics, should unite and fight for our deliverance from the Yoke of the cruel Foreigners".
- (2) "The Americans and the British whose only object has been to exploit the Asiatics, have now been drawn into the See and consumed by fish. From now on the Asiatics are free from the Foreigners".
- (3) "The Americans and the British with their money which they have exploited from the entire world, have in the past, used this money to oppress the Asiatics. They have despised and maltreated us. We, the Asiatics have reached the limit of our endurance and we cannot suffer any more. The Japanese who are our brothers now seek revenge against the foreigners. Although the struggle against the foreigners may take 10, 20, or 30 years, we shall continue to fight for our freedom".

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Pamphlets obtained.

Pamphlets will be sent  
by Mr. Bennett  
to Division  
Sen. Det. I/C.

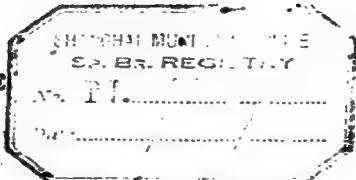
D. S. SO.

D. D. O. "A" Divn.

A/Y

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

REPORT



S. 1. Special Branch Sifibib. File No. .... Date December 15, 1941.

SUBJECT: Anti-Britain and America Handbills distributed in the French Concession.

At about 3 p.m. December 13th, copies of handbills were scattered from the compartment of a tram car when it was passing Rue du Consulat, French Concession.

A copy of the handbills was obtained by Police, and the following is a translation :-

"Britain and the United States, who have extracted money from various people of the world, have used the wealth they obtained through exploitation to oppress the yellow race of East Asia so that they will never be able to rise again. We yellow people have suffered enough humiliation and insults in this world and cannot tolerate it any longer. Now, Japan, whose people are of the same race as ours, has relieved the yellow people of their resentment that has existed for more than a hundred years. In order to liberate ourselves from the European and American yoke, we must give our efforts to this war of emancipation as long as it lasts."

*b6*  
**FILE**  
*15-12-HI*



*b6-12*  
*b6-12*  
*Dan Lien-pil*

D. I.

A.C. (Special Branch)

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JAC

Manifesto issued by the Greater East Asia Emancipation Meeting

Three weeks have passed since Japan declared war upon Britain and the United States on December 8 for the emancipation of Greater East Asia. Yet, news of victory has been successively received, and on the 25th instant the occupation of Hongkong, one of the three bases of Britain and the United States for the invasion of East Asia, was completed. In celebration of the victories achieved by our friendly troops, we have to make clear to our fellow countrymen the following three points:-

With regard to Japan's declaration of war on Britain and the United States, Tojo, the Japanese Prime Minister, gave an explanation to the effect that "the present actions of Japan are adopted only to remove the British and American tyrannic administration so that East Asia may be able to return to its original satisfactory situation" and that "the prosperity of Japan and the rise or fall of East Asia depends entirely on this war". Togo, the Japanese Foreign Minister, stated, however, that "this war is for the emancipation of East Asia". From these statements, it may be understood that the present war between Japan on one hand and Britain and the United States on the other is not an ordinary international war fought for hegemony, nor is it a war only between Japan and Britain and the United States. It is but a war of emancipation fought by the peoples within the Greater East Asia Co-Prosperity Sphere against British and American aggression. Its success or failure not only concerns the very existence of Japan but also the safety of the whole of East Asia. Hence, all people in East Asia should co-operate with Japan to struggle for victory and emancipation so as to complete our mission of East Asia for the East Asiatics.

The final aim of the Chinese national revolution and the object of national reconstruction through peace and

anti-Comintern is the eradication of the British and American aggressive influences, and the establishment of a new order in East Asia. Thus, following Japan's declaration of war on Britain and the United States, the Chairman solemnly announced that "China has decided to share the same fate with Japan", whilst at the Japanese Diet, Togo, the Foreign Minister, stated that "as the Chinese national revolution during the past thirty years has now reached its objective, this war cannot be regarded as of little significance." Hence, the Chinese people should unite together and realize that only with East Asia can China exist and that only with the emancipation of East Asia can China attain freedom and equality. They should assist the government in the maintenance of peace and order, in the increase of production and in the curtailment of expenditure so that China may be a powerful ally of Japan in struggling for victory and attaining the objective of the Chinese national revolution.

Though it is only three weeks since the outbreak of the war, our friendly troops have shown their great power. The Asiatic Fleets of Britain and the United States were annihilated during the sea battles at Hawaii and Malaya, and the fall of Kowloon was followed by the occupation of Hongkong. It must be a cheering that from the hands of Britain and the United States our friendly troops have recovered Hongkong, which has been taken out of the hands of our country for one hundred years since the Nanking Treaty. The Japanese forces are now continuously advancing. The occupation of Manila and Singapore are imminent. This shows that Britain and the United States are even too weak for a single engagement. The great success of our friendly troops has added glory to the peoples of East Asia. Though Britain and the United States are making use of deceitful propaganda to their people stating that with their great

resources they will attain victory, it must be understood that Greater East Asia has limitless man-power and natural resources. With this man-power and resources to assist Japan, the victory certainly must be ours, though the war may last a hundred years.

It is hoped that all our fellow countrymen will make themselves clear on the above three points and offer all our man-power and natural resources to back up Japan in her war with Britain and the United States so that the emancipation of East Asia and China's freedom and equality may be attained at an early date.

Coloured slips bearing slogans

1. Celebrate the occupation of Hongkong by the friendly army!
2. Protect the East Asia!
3. Get rid of the intention of relying upon British and American assistance, which will lead to the destruction of the nation!
4. Long live the emancipation of the Oriental Race!
5. Pro-peace slogans, purporting to emanate from the Shanghai Silk and Cloth Refining Trade Workers Union.

Translation of a handbill

We cannot allow our troops to become mercenaries of Britain and ~~the~~ America, and we can never allow our people to be sacrificed in the interests of Britain and ~~the~~ America. We have to preserve our national strength and resources which will be used for the purpose of materializing the emancipation of China and the Orient. Therefore, we must expect that the Chungking side will arise, sever relations with Britain and America, and participate in the war for the emancipation of the Orient.

Shanghai Kuomintang Headquarters

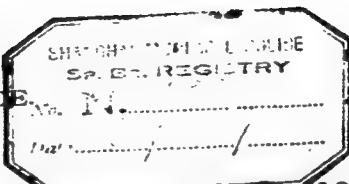
(Kang Ching Wei Clique)

Translation of a handbill

China's independence and liberty rely upon the emancipation of the Orient. If China cannot obtain independence and liberty, she will not be able to share the responsibility of establishing a new order in the Orient. Therefore, China's independence and the New Order in the Orient, are closely related. It is hoped that China and Japan will cooperate and will thus be able to enjoy co-existence and co-prosperity.

Shanghai Kuomintang Headquarters  
(Wang Ching Wei's)

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE  
REPORT



Central Station, File No. Misc. 1172/41 Date December 25th, 1941.

Race Course Celebration - Situation  
SUBJECT: Central District.

Sir,

D. C.  
(Caine)

No untoward incident occurred in the Central District in connection with the parade and celebration held at the Race Course to commemorate the fall of Hongkong and the emancipation of the Chinese and South Sea people.

Special Police precautions were taken along Nanking Road and The Bund throughout the morning and afternoon.

Several groups of primary school children came into the Settlement from Hongkew and made their way up Nanking Road towards the Race Course.

They were quite orderly and displayed no banners or slogans.

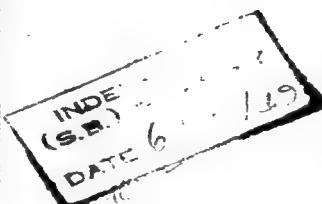
The Post Office band proceeded through the district in a motor truck evidently bound for the Race Course, they did not play their instruments.

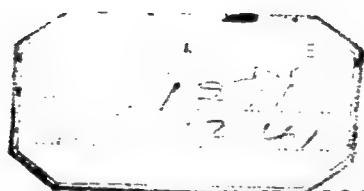
A large white banner eulogizing the emancipation of the South Sea people has been hung across The Bund near the Chartered Bank.

During the morning and the afternoon a truck passed through the district scattering pamphlets. Several pamphlets collected and passed to Special Branch.

R. Mori  
D. I.

R. Caine  
D.D.O. "A"  
Copy to Special Branch (direct)





December 30, 1941.

Pro-Nanking organizations celebrated  
the Fall of Hongkong

Local pro-Nanking organizations celebrated the fall of Hongkong by holding the following functions on December 29, 1941 :-

Meeting on the Race Course

At 1.50 p.m., December 29, about 20,000 men of the working class as well as a number of primary school students attended a meeting entitled "General Meeting of Shanghai Representatives of the Great Orient Emancipation Movement" (大東亞解放運動上海特別市代表大會) held on the Race Course, Bubbling Well Road. The function commenced with the delivery of a speech by Ling Hsien Wen (林寄文), Commissioner of the Bureau of Social Affairs of the Shanghai Special Municipal Government. He told the audience that Britain and America have oppressed the Oriental Race for the past hundred years and the people in Shanghai and Hongkong have now been emancipated by the occupation of these two places by Japanese forces. He finally expressed the hope that the people of the South Sea Islands would soon be delivered from their sufferings. Speeches of a similar nature were then made by Chen Kung Poh, Mayor of the Shanghai Special Municipal Government, and one Zung Tsoeng Yao (郑宗耀), who claimed to be a representative of Overseas Chinese.

The following resolutions were then passed by the meeting:-

FILE  
31/12/41



- (1) That a telegram be sent to Chairman Wang Ching Wei supporting him in his Peace Movement.
  - (2) That a telegram be sent to the Japanese people congratulating them on the occupation of Hongkong by Japanese forces.
  - (3) That a telegram be sent to Overseas Chinese exhorting them to effect their emancipation.
- The crowd dispersed at 2.30 p.m. after shouting the following slogans:- "Protect the Orient!" "Long Live Chairman Wang!" "Celebrate Japan's and China's victories!"

Slogans advocating the emancipation of the Orient and celebrating the occupation of Hongkong were posted on the sides of the mat-shed erected in the centre of the Race Course to house the members of the Presidium of the Meeting.

The Post Office Band was in attendance.

#### Meeting in Nantao

At 10 a.m., December 29, about 500 persons held a meeting in the Boon Lai Theatre, Boon Lai Road, Nantao. The function was marked by the delivering of speeches on the subject of the emancipation of the Orient, by Tsang Zoong Kong (張仲剛), a representative of Wang Ching Wei's Kuomintang in Shanghai, Tsang Sung (張昇), Chief of the Nantao Office of the Shanghai Special Municipality Social Movement Direction Committee, Zah Chong Lih (石昌輝), a representative of the Readjustment Committee of

Shanghai Labour Unions, and Ching San Wei (金山為), who claimed to be a representative of local educational circles. The meeting dispersed at 11.30 a.m. after having shouted pro-Japanese slogans.

Meeting in Pootung

Between 11 a.m. and 1.30 p.m., December 29, about 300 persons held a meeting in the King Sing Theatre, Tung Chong Road, Pootung. Yui Zao Foong (于兆丰), a representative of the Farmers' Association at Pootung, presided over the meeting. Speeches advocating Sino-Japanese rapprochement were delivered by a number of representatives of pro-Banking organizations.

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Propaganda matter

Large quantities of handbills and posters of a pro-Japanese and anti-British and Anti-American nature were distributed throughout Shanghai. Some of these events are mentioned hereunder:-

A large white banner eulogizing the emancipation of the South Sea People was hung across the Bund near the Chartered Bank, while another calling for the protection of the Orient was similarly placed on Bubbling Well Road by the Roxy Theatre.

During the morning and the afternoon a truck traversed various streets in the Settlement scattering pamphlets.

Similar handbills were also found pasted on trams and omnibuses <sup>as</sup> well as rickshas in the

**Settlement and French Concession.**

Translations of those handbills which came into  
the possession of the Police are attached hereto  
with specimen copies.

*W.M.*  
December 29, 1941.

Celebration of the fall of Hongkong  
by local citizens at the Race Course  
on December 29.

In connection with articles appearing in the local Chinese and Japanese newspapers of to-day, to the effect that a meeting in celebration of the fall of Hongkong will be held at the Race Course, Bubbling Well Road, at 1 p.m. December 29, to be followed by a procession, enquiries made by the undersigned ascertained that the meeting is being sponsored by the People's Movement Committee, 73 Jessfield Road, and will take place as scheduled this afternoon, but the procession has been cancelled owing to prevailing conditions. About 10,000 persons representing various local public organizations, etc. are expected to be present. This meeting will last about two hours.



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D.O.C. "A"  
"B"  
"C"  
"D"  
A.C. (S.B.) ✓

FILE

23-1-42

Movement of Materials

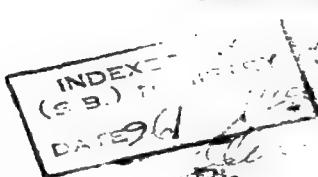
January 22, 1942. THE

S. S. C. M. T. R.

1271

16, 1, 42

With reference to the Proclamation by the Japanese Naval and Military Authorities restricting the movement of various materials, which was published in the Shanghai Times dated January 20, 1942, please instruct officers in charge of stations that anyone in possession of a permit issued by the Japanese Gendarmerie will be permitted to remove materials named therein without hindrance.



D.O.C. (Divisions)

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

Misc.  
File No. 20/42.

REPORT

LOUZA Station,

Date January 27th 1942.

Subject (in full) Radio Equipment removed from Radio Stations in  
the Louza District by members of the Japanese Navy.

Made by and Forwarded by C.I. Blenkinsop.



D. C. (DIVISIONS)  
Information.

*ap/cr*  
*chief dc.*



Sir,

I beg to report that between 11.a.m. and 3.p.m. on the 27/1/42, members of the Japanese Naval Authorities removed all radio equipment and sealed the premises of the following radio stations in Louza District, after which the Police guard which had been supplied at the request of the Japanese Naval Authorities was withdrawn:-

- (1). Da Lei Broadcasting Stn. 81 Lloyd Rd.  
( 大來電台 )
- (2). China Broadcasting Stn. 423 Nanking Rd.  
( 中華電台 )
- (3). Sin Hua Broadcasting Stn. 470 Nanking Rd.  
( 新華電台 )
- (4). Ta Sin Broadcasting Stn. 819 Nanking Rd.  
( 大新電台 )
- (5). Yangtze Broadcasting Stn. 287 Yunnan Rd.  
( 楊子電台 )

I am, Sir,

Your obedient servant,  
*T. E. Blenkinsop* C.I.  
Officer in charge.

Misc.  
File No. 20/42.

FORM NO. 3  
1-40

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

REPORT

LOUZA Station,  
Date January 29th, 1942.

Subject (in full) Radio Equipment removed from the Sing Sin Broadcasting  
Stn. No. 720 Nanking Rd by the Japanese Naval Authorities.  
Made by and Forwarded by C.I. Blenkinsop.

D. C. (DIVISIONS)  
Information.

Sir,

I beg to report that at about 11a.m. on the  
29/1/42, members of the Japanese Naval Authorities  
removed all radio equipment and sealed the premises  
of the following radio station in Louza District,  
after which the Police guard which had been supplied  
at their request was withdrawn:-

Sing Sin Broadcasting Stn. 720 Nanking Rd.  
( 三 申 广 播 )

D.O. "A" Division.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

T. C. Blenkinsop...C.I.  
Officer in charge.



21

*Social Bureau*

"B"

Misc. 661/41.

Sinza  
13/12/41.

i.

Distribution of Anti American & British Pamphlets.

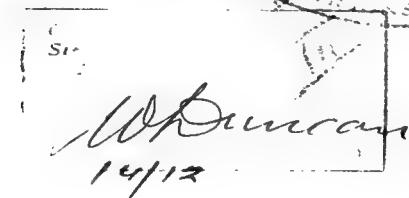
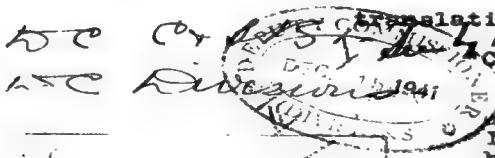
At 4:10 p.m. 13/12/41., S.I. Yao Wen Ping communicated with the station through street telephone that several male Chinese were distributing pamphlets which were of anti American and British nature, on Shanhakwan near Tatung Road.

S.I. Ito (Sect. II) and C.D.C. 77 immediately attended, but on arrival, they found that the distributors had already departed, and on the roadway, the aforementioned police officers found one pamphlet, a

translation of which is as follows:-

500 Co. 1 DC Name  
100 Diversified  
Citizens.  
  
You must be aware that the Settlement is a evil haunt utilized by the American & British Imperialists, and is also a refuge for the blue-jackets and communists. The entry of the Japanese Military into the Settlement is to release us from slavery and to serve as a starting point of washing out the old regime established by the American and British Imperialists since the so-called 'Opium War', also beginning to establish the New Order of Eastern Asia. It makes the co-operation of Japan and China more vivid and firmer. It proves that the Japanese have no desire to gain territory. They willingly assist China to get back the Settlement and to abolish the Extra-territorial rights in order to fulfil their promise which they had made in the "Principal Agreement" between Japan and China.

Citizens. Don't get alarmed. Don't worry. In very near future, the prices of all commodities will be reasonably reduced to a normal degree which doubtlessly is the result of the termination of the American and British economic encroachments. Light comes nearer and nearer. We should conduct a quiet life, do our business as usual and assist the authorities to maintain peace and order, so that the wicked elements of



Misc. 661/41.

the Chinkiang Regime and those of the Amercian  
and British Imperialists have no chance to  
exist, thus the Eastern Asia can be released  
from bondage.

From the Citizens Association  
of the 1st Special District  
of Shanghai.

Copy to Special Branch (direct) and pamphlet  
attached.

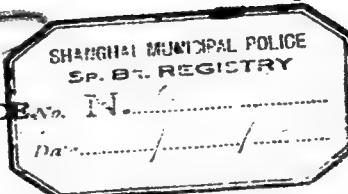
*Alfred*  
Sen. Det. I/c.

*dear dear*  
D.S.I.

D.D.C. "B" Division.

FM.  
G. 300-1

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE No. N.



REPORT

S.I.L.

Special Branch ~~Established~~ File No. ....

Date December 18, 1941.

SUBJECT: Permits - for removal of residence by  
Foreigners

The Liaison Office of the Japanese Gendarmerie, Hamilton House, confirms that from 18th December permits for removal of residence by foreigners will be issued by this office, after consideration of the situation in the area concerned.

Applicants for permits are required to furnish three passport size photographs.

Application forms for permits are attached.

J. S. Liaison  
D. S.

A.C. (Special Branch).

W.C. (C & L.S.)

W.C. (Divisional)

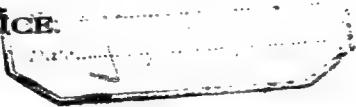
Commr. of P. ....  
Sir:  
Information  
W. Duncan  
18/12 A.C. (Sp. Br.)



ZAP

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

REPORT



S.5., Special Branch. ~~Stamps~~. File No. .... Date December 17, 1941.

SUBJECT: Re : Urgent proclamation on the maintenance  
of peace and order

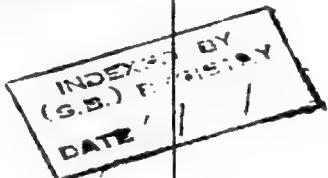
Japanese military authorities will strictly  
carry out the attached proclamation issued on December  
16, 1941.

It is earnestly requested that strict  
attention should be paid to the observance of the terms  
of this proclamation by every civilian residing in the  
Shanghai area.

By the Japanese Authorities

J. Yonegawa  
D. S.

A.C. (Special Branch).



## URGENT PROCLAMATION

### On the Maintenance of Peace and Order

1. The inhabitants in the Shanghai Area shall hereafter be obligated to ensure peace and order in the neighbourhood of their respective residences, stores, and offices and to extend their co-operation to the police and military forces.
2. Representative inhabitants in the direct neighbourhood of the locality where political terrorism will have occurred shall be detained by the Japanese Gendarmerie and subjected to severe punishment.
3. The street blocks adjacent to the spot where political terrorism will have occurred shall be blocked indefinitely and the traffic to and from such an area shall be entirely blocked.
4. The traffic in a wider area surrounding the spot where political terrorism will have occurred shall be blocked.
5. The above mentioned traffic restriction and punishment may be cancelled partly or wholly, if the arrest of the perpetrator of political terrorism is expedited by the co-operation of the inhabitants.
6. If the military, or public establishments and/or stocks of essential commodities sustain damage due to incendiarism or destruction, the traffic restriction and punishment as in the case of political terrorism shall be imposed.
7. If those who were involved in incendiarism or destruction surrender themselves to the Military Authorities, they may be granted acquittal or remission.
8. Those who make a false statement to the Military Authorities regarding political terrorism which they witness shall be liable to severe punishment.
9. Those who know of other's complicity in political terrorism, incendiarism or destruction and fail to inform the Military Authorities shall be liable to severe punishment.
10. Those who supply information to the Military Authorities regarding a plot of political terrorism, incendiarism or destruction, and lead to the arrest of the plotter will be given a reward not less than Military Yen 200 and upward to Military Yen 10,000.  
Those who render special services will be given a reward exceeding Military Yen 10,000.
11. Those who supply valuable information to the Military Authorities regarding political terrorism, incendiarism or destruction will be given due rewards.
12. Those who supply information to the Military Authorities regarding the persons who are concealing unlicensed arms or ammunition and lead to their arrest and the seizure of such arms or ammunition will be given a reward not less than Military Yen 100.

Signed,

THE HIGH COMMAND  
OF THE JAPANESE ARMY AND  
NAVY IN THE SHANGHAI AREA

December 16, 1941.

Report sent with.....	two	newspaper, handbills	Exhibit No. 10
Where found	Changtu Road Dist.	Time found	7.20 a.m. Date 8-12-41
Character of place where found. (industrial, residential, respectable or doubtful neighbourhood).	Residential		
Near School, Factory, Military Camp, Mill etc.	No.		
How distributed? (If known).	1. Dropped from airplane. 2. Delivered with "Sin Wan Tao" Chinese newspaper at stations.		
Nature of Document. (Communist or Anti-Government etc.)	3. Proclamation re Declaration of war. 4. Pro-British		
Arrests or not, if so how many?	---		
Class of man arrested? (Student, coolie, mill worker etc.)	---		
Charged under what Section of C.C. Code?	---		

Date 8-12-41



Signed T. S. Y.  
for C. I. etc i.e. Changtu Local Station

SD  
SD  
S. P. F.

## **PROCLAMATION**

**WHEREAS**, being compelled by the state of war which has arisen between Japan on one hand and the United States of America and the British Empire on the other, detachments of the Japanese Army and Navy shall be as from to-day dispatched in the International Settlement for the suppression of hostile activities and for the maintenance of peace and order in the area, and

**WHEREAS**, however, the Japanese Military Authorities, whose first concern in taking this measure is the maintenance of peace and order and preservation of the prosperity of the Settlement, are ready to respect the life and property of the general public, ever in case of nationals of the enemy countries, unless either they act against the interests of the Japanese forces or their property is liable to hostile usage.

**THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY URGED** that they will rest assured with the above intention of the Japanese Military Authorities and pursue their daily work as usual.

**IT IS ALSO PROCLAIMED** that those who act to the detriment of the general peace and order or in the enemy's interests, particularly those who act in contravention of the Japanese Military Regulations, and those who destroy or cause any damage to the public institutions or the stocks of essential materials shall be strictly punished in accordance with the Military Regulations.

Commanders-in-Chief of the  
Japanese Army and Navy  
in the Shanghai Area.

Bubbling Well

December 12th '41.

Anti American and British propaganda.

Det. Inspector Ross

Sir;

On a number of occasions on the 10-12-41 and 11-12-41, a Japanese Military truck equipped with a giant loud-speaker had visited various points in the Bubbling Well District and broadcast the latest war-news.

During the course of his address the speaker has availed himself of the opportunity to broadcast Anti-American and British slogans.

The described broadcasts have taken place on two occasions on Yu Yuen Road and Jessfield Road corner, in the vicinity of the entrance to Bubbling Well Police Station.

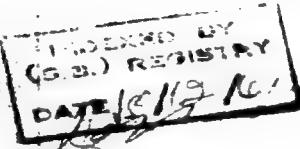
The crew of the truck consists of a Japanese in military uniform, and Japanese and Chinese in civilian clothing.

It should also be recorded that Anti-American and British posters have appeared on walls in different parts of the district. Translation attached.

I am, Sir,

Yours obediently,  
D. I. C. Inspector

D. I. C. Inspector



Chengtu Road Police

Wise.

362/41

14-12-41



Slogans Found on Walls in Chengtu Road District.

Sir.

Between the 8-12-41 and the 14-12-41 the following slogans were found written in Chinese characters or posted in the form of posters, or the walls on the following roads:-

(1) Chengtu Road near B'Well Road.

"East & "West" should co-operate in resisting aggression of England and America.

(2) Outside the New World Hotel, 1 B'Well Road.

Complete suppression of England & America's Asiatic Fleet.

(3) Mohawk Road near B'Well Road & Yates Road near B'Well Road.

China and Japan are to co-operate in resisting the aggression of England and America.

(4) Race Course Road - Yu Ya Ching Road.

Complete suppression of England & America's Asiatic Fleet.

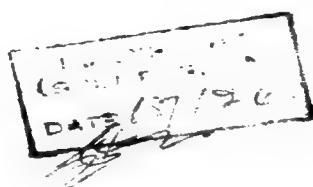
I am, Sir,

Yours obediently,

*T. Oldus*  
D. S. I.



*P. Oldus*  
DIVISIONAL C.O.  
H.A.V. Division  
D. D. O. "A"



*bisgr*

*Police Branch*

Misc. 645/41.

Sinza  
Dec. 9th,

41.

2

*T.R.P*

FURTHER TO

POSTING OF PRO-JAPANESE PAMPHLETS ON  
WALLS BY THREE MALE CHINESE

*SL  
10/11/41*

The three persons held in custody  
as shown on Diary No. 1 were released  
on instructions of D.D.O. "B" at 11 a.m.,  
9-12-41.

*Copys to S.B.*

*Alad*  
Det. Inspector

D.D.O. "B"

*/Ting.*

*Special Branch*

"B"

Misc. 645/41.

Sinza  
Dec. 8th,

41.

1 (Sheet 1)

POSTING OF PRO-JAPANESE PAMPHLETS ON  
WALLS BY THREE MALE CHINESE

At 5.10 p.m., 8-12-41., auxiliary constables Abaturoff, No. 58 and Projenko, No. 221, brought to the station:-

- (1) Kwei Soong Hau (葛士鈞), 22, Yangchow  
S/clerk.  
(2) Wong Tah On (王德安), 17, Yangchow,  
S/clerk.  
(3) Sung Yung Woo (孫永耀), 17, Yangchow,  
S/clerk.

*b6*  
*C. 12. H.*  
*SEARCHED*  
*SPECIAL BRANCH*  
all residing and employed by the Shanghai Chauffeurs Union, located at 23 Ching Ka Ong, Jessfield Road, whom they arrested at 4.45 p.m., even date, on Medhurst Road near Singa Road, posting Pro-Japanese pamphlets on the walls.

Questioned at the station, the three above named stated they were given the pamphlets by the manager of the above union, and instructed to post them on walls.

The following is a translation of the pamphlets the object of this report.

*SEARCHED*  
*INDEXED*  
*FILED*  
*DATE*  
Today Japanese soldiers have already entered the settlement, it need not be mentioned the reason why, because, since the outbreak of the present Sino-Japanese war, settlement has become a "Devil Den" under the control of the Chungking Government, British and American Powers.

1 (Sheet 2)

The settlement in which you reside has been forcibly occupied by British and American; since the Opium War, and considered a humiliation for a hundred years, now it has been "washed cleanly" by Japanese Power. The Japanese soldiers are not mobs, but warriors of peace. You people should live peacefully, and entirely believed them. Hereafter you should not listen to what Chiang Kai-shek's announces, such as "People's line", etc. The happenings of the world changes daily as the earth rotates. Now the aggressive principle of Britain and America will be driven out of the whole world. We Oriental people have to protect every corner of East Asia, since the settlement was considered to be a handicap for Sino-Japanese friendship. This handicap however has been ended by Japanese soldiers. Therefore we are not only obliged for this action, but also we should cooperate with the Japanese soldiers in every respect so that the prosperous Shanghai can be maintained."

The D.D.O. "B" was communicated with and on his instructions the three above mentioned Chinese together with the pamphlets are to be detained, pending further instructions.

Alad  
Sem. Det. Sec

D. S. 143

D.D.O. "B"

/Ting.

Misc 415/41.

Gordon Road

December 8, 41.

Proclamation issued by the Commanders-in-Chief of the  
Japanese Army and Navy in the Shanghai Area.

D.S.I. Smith,

E. Greve Officer i/c.

Sir,

Proclamations informing the public that a state of war exists between Japan on one hand and the United States of America and the British Empire on the other, were dropped from a Japanese aeroplane which flew over Gordon Road district at 7.50 a.m. on the 8-12-41.

Proclamation attached.

C. Smith

D.S.I.

W.B. 13.

D.D.O. "B" Div.

Copy for Special Branch.

